

Total Cost of Care Multi-State Project: Colorado Results

February 2018

Overview



- Multi-State Project funded by Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, led by Network for Regional Healthcare Improvement
- Colorado data based on 2015 claims in the CO APCD
 - 14 commercial health payers
 - 102 adult primary care practices
 - 24 pediatric primary care practices

Participating Regional Health Improvement Collaboratives (RHICs)

Pilot RHICs



REGIONAL COMMITMENT. NATIONAL IMPACT.



Expansion Regions

The initiative was piloted by NRHI and RHICs in five regions. Their success led to the expansion to thirteen additional regions over the course of the project.

Center for Improving Value in Health Care | Colorado
Maine Health Management Coalition | Maine*
Midwest Health Initiative | St. Louis, Missouri
Minnesota Community Massurement | Minnesota

Minnesota Community Measurement | Minnesota Oregon Health Care Quality Corporation | Oregon

Greater Detroit Area Health Council | Michigan
HealthInsight Nevada | Nevada
HealthInsight New Mexico | New Mexico
HealthInsight Utah | Utah
Health Care Improvement Foundation | Philadelphia
The Health Collaborative | Ohio
Integrated Healthcare Association | California
Maryland Health Care Commission | Maryland
Massachusetts Health Quality Partners | Massachusetts

The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston | Texas Virginia Health Information | Virginia Washington Health Alliance | Washington Wisconsin Health Information Organization | Wisconsin

*Phase I and II only participant



Why Understanding This Data Matters



- Between 2006-2016, annual premiums paid by families with employer-sponsored health insurance increased by 77%, from \$2,973-\$5,277.
- During the same period, median household income rose by just below 19 percent, from \$48,451-\$57,617.
- By 2030, Medicare beneficiaries are likely to pay up half of their average Social Security income for out-of-pocket health care costs.
- With 30 percent of health care services deemed "low value" or "waste," there is ample opportunity to bring down the cost of health care without reducing or compromising patient care.

How This Study is Different



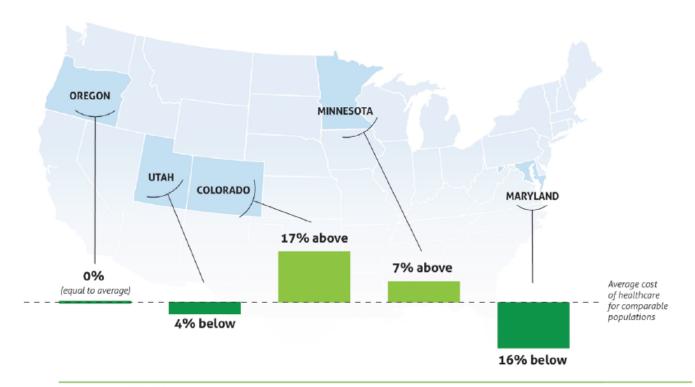
- Other studies are either too broad to be actionable on the ground or too specific to be meaningful to measure system-wide change. These results do both for the first time.
- CO has always known costs vary regionally and are higher in some areas of the state. This helps us to understand whether price, utilization or both are driving costs within the state and statewide when we make multi-state comparisons.
- CO's comparison gives us insights into how our marketplace differs from other lower-cost lower-utilization areas, offering potential alternatives to our model.

Colorado Total Costs: 17% Higher



Figure 1. Multi-State Total Health Care Cost Comparison

(Source: Getting to Affordability: Untangling Cost Drivers)



Relative Cost of Healthcare

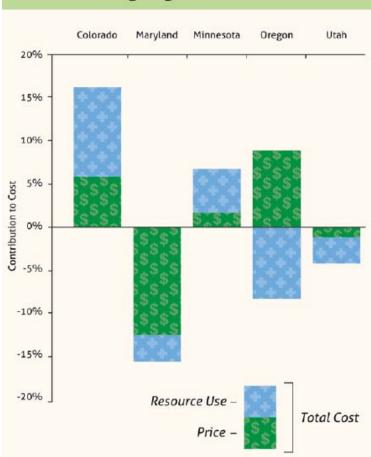
Opportunities for reducing the cost of healthcare are revealed by comparing 2015 risk-adjusted spending across participating states for private payers. Bringing the higher than average cost states highlighted above down to the average of the participating states could potentially save over \$1 billion. Imagine if all the participating states could match the lowest cost state, several billion dollars would be available for other parts of the economy.



State Comparison of Total Cost Drivers



Untangling The Cost Drivers



The size of the bars represents the impact of price and resource use on the total cost. As seen in the above graphic, price and resource use played different roles in the variation of total cost by state.

Total Cost of Care by Service Category

Commercial Population 2015 Combined Attributed and Unattributed

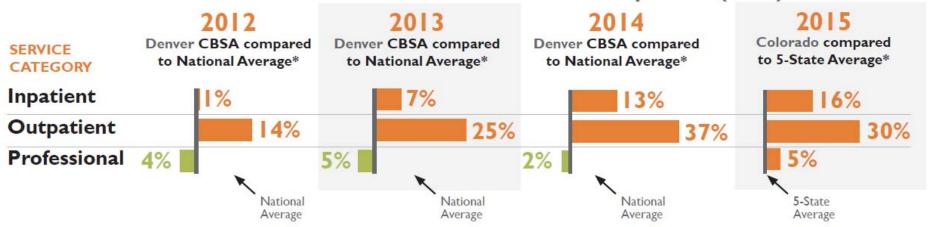
Measure	Colorado	Maryland	Minnesota	Oregon	Utah
Total Cost					
Overall	17%	-16%	7%	0%	-4%
Inpatient	16%	-18%	7%	0%	-1%
Outpatient	30%	-30%	0%	-7%	17%
Professional	5%	-18%	21%	12%	-17%
Pharmacy	24%	7%	-11%	-12%	-8%
Resource Use					
Overall	11%	-3%	5%	-8%	-3%
Inpatient	0%	-7%	8%	-14%	16%
Outpatient	25%	-19%	5%	-16%	13%
Professional	3%	2%	10%	-3%	-13%
Pharmacy	23%	6%	-9%	-10%	-9%
Price					
Overall	6%	-13%	1%	9%	-1%
Inpatient	16%	-12%	-1%	16%	-14%
Outpatient	4%	-13%	-5%	11%	4%
Professional	2%	-20%	10%	15%	-5%
Pharmacy	0%	1%	-2%	-2%	2%



Comparison to Other Studies



Table 2. HCCI Price Index for Denver-Aurora-Lakewood (2012-2014) vs. CO APCD Total Cost of Care Five-State Price Comparison (2015)



^{*}Source: Health Care Cost Institute Healthy Marketplace Index

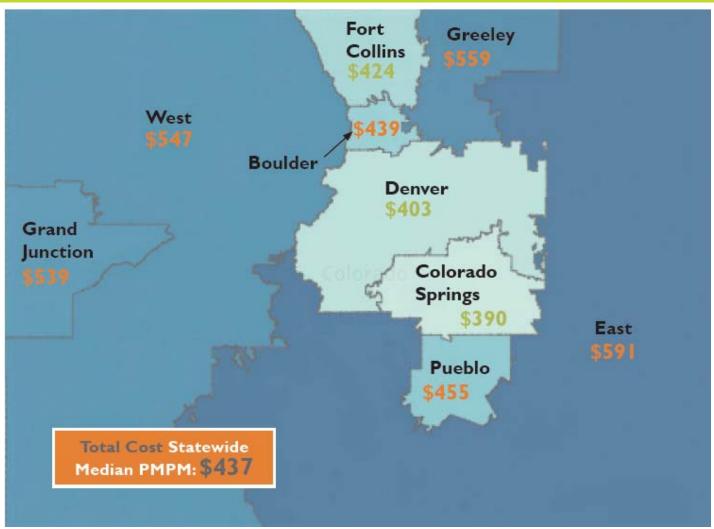
The CO APCD data is more recent, includes more of the population of Colorado, and covers the entire state when compared to the HMI analysis, however, the results of both studies indicate consistent opportunities for improvement in Colorado.



^{**}Source: Colorado All Payer Claims Database, Getting to Affordability: Untangling Cost Drivers

Colorado Regional Data, Total Cost of Care PMPM





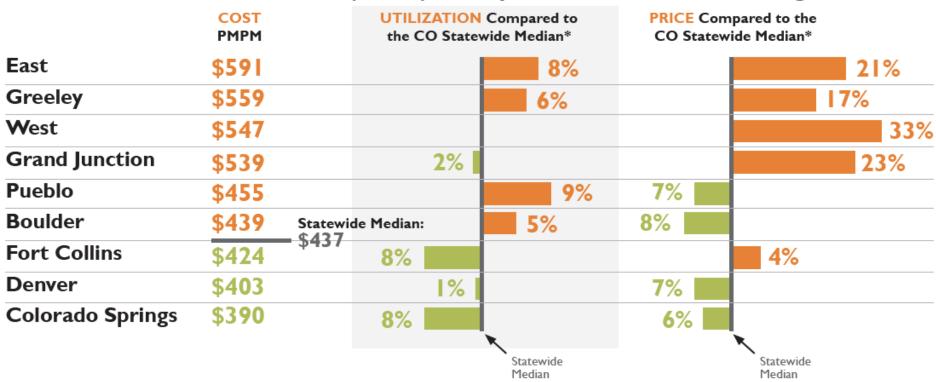
Data reflects 2015 claims from the Colorado All Payer Claims Database included in the Network for Regional Healthcare Improvement Total Cost of Care Project. For full report, visit www.civhc.org.



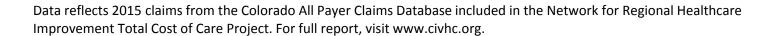
Colorado Regional Data, Total Cost of Care



Table 3. Total (Inpatient, Outpatient, Professional, Pharmacy) Median Risk-Adjusted Per Member Per Month (PMPM) Cost by CO Division of Insurance Region



^{*}Statewide medians only reflect results for the 102 adult primary care practices included in the study





Colorado Regional Data, Outpatient Costs PMPM





Data reflects 2015 claims from the Colorado All Payer Claims Database included in the Network for Regional Healthcare Improvement Total Cost of Care Project. For full report, visit www.civhc.org.

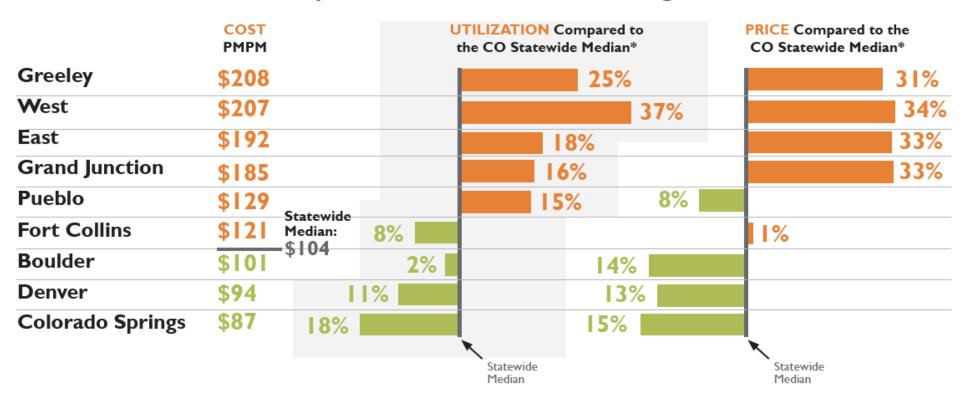


Colorado Regional Data, Outpatient Costs



Table 4. Outpatient Median Risk-Adjusted Per Member Per Month (PMPM)

Cost by Colorado Division of Insurance Regions

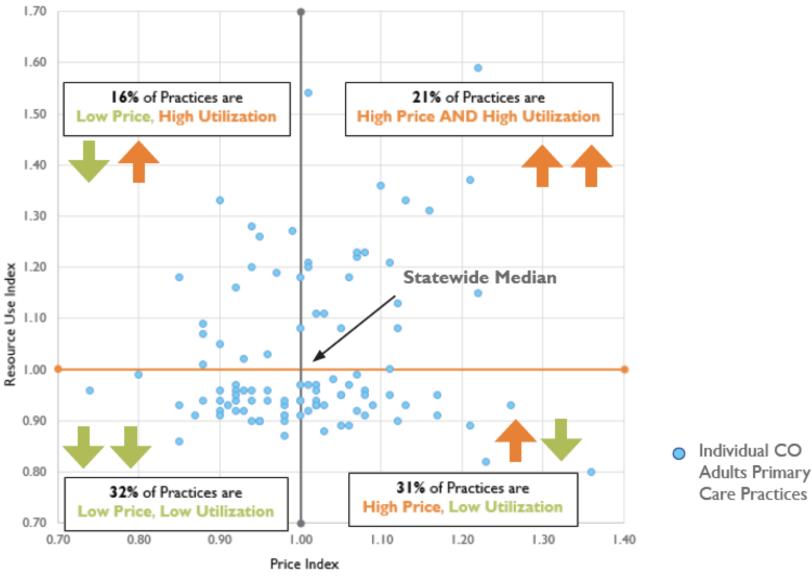


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Figure 5: Colorado Provider Practice Utilization and Price Comparison



*CO All Payer Claims data represents 102 adult primary care practices included in the Total Cost of Care Project



Example of Overview Data Provided to Practices



			SE	RVI	CE	CAT	E G O	RY
SERVICE CATEGORY	AVERAGE PMPM	PRACTICE PMPM	nal	ıţ				
Professional	\$160	\$197	Professional	Outpatient		Inpatient	Pharmacy	_
Outpatient	\$131	\$121	Prof	Out	B	Inpa	Phar	Tota
ED	\$18	\$15	Total Cost				Total Cost	Total Cost
Inpatient	\$72	\$63	1 23%	55%	41%		27% 28%	10%
Pharmacy	\$113	\$144	26%	ı				
Total	\$475	\$524	-2%				-1%	-14%
				-60%	-62%	-2% -10%		-1470
		Resource Use Price Index		7% Total Cost	I 2% Total	Total Cost		

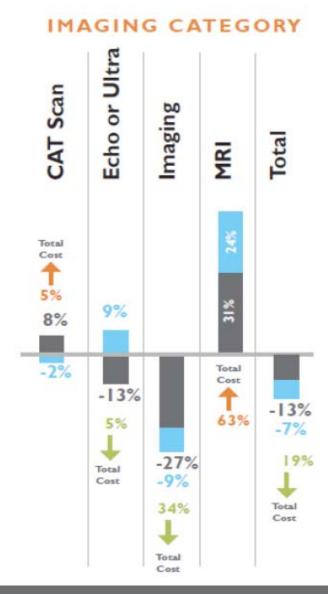
Example Service-Level Data Provided



IMAGING CATEGORY	AVERAGE PMPM	PRACTICE PMPM
CAT Scan	\$2	\$2
Echo or Ultra	\$3	\$2
Imaging	\$31	\$21
MRI	\$5	\$8
Total	\$41	\$33

Resource Use

Price Index





Who Can Use These Reports



- Primary Care Providers participating in pay-for-value programs where they are responsible for care beyond their walls.
- Policymakers looking to better understand drivers of Colorado's relatively high total cost of care, the causes of variation across different regions of the state, and what might be done to better control costs.
- Employers and health plans looking for ways to align benefit designs to help patients make high value health care decisions and select high value health providers.
- Consumers looking for information on where to receive high value care.

Next Steps



- Add nationally endorsed quality measures to the practice-level reports
- Make some of the information in practice-level analysis available publicly
- Add additional payers
- Offer as a service to additional practices



Questions?



- Jonathan Mathieu, VP of Compliance and Research, <u>jmathieu@civhc.org</u>
- www.civhc.org for more information

